IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA IN AND FOR PASCO COUNTY CASE NO. 2014CF005586CFAXWS-3

STATE OF FLORIDA,

Plaintiff,

-VS-

ADAM MATOS,

Defendant.

PROCEEDINGS: MOTIONS

BEFORE: HONORABLE MARY HANDSEL

Circuit Judge

DATE: October 5, 2017

PLACE TAKEN: Pasco County Government Center

7530 Little Road

New Port Richey, FL 34654

REPORTED BY: Maria A. Fortner, RPR

Notary Public

State of Florida at Large

Administrative Office of the Courts
Court Reporting Department
West Pasco Judicial Center
7530 Little Road
New Port Richey, FL 34654
Tel. (727) 847-8156 Fax: (727)847-8159

1	APPEARANCES
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3	APPEARING ON BEHALF OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA: BRYAN SARABIA, Assistant State Attorney CHRISTOPHER LABRUZZO, Assistant State Attorney Office of Bernie McCabe, State Attorney Sixth Judicial Circuit, Pasco County 7530 Little Road New Port Richey, Fl 34655
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8	APPEARING ON BEHALF OF THE DEFENDANT, ADAM MATOS:
9	DEAN LIVERMORE, Assistant Public Defender NICHOLAS MICHAILOS, Assistant Public Defender DILLON VIZCARRA, Assistant Public Defender Office of Bob Dillinger, Public Defender Sixth Judicial Circuit, Pasco County 7530 Little Road New Port Richey, Fl 34655
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P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S 1 THE COURT: All right. Are we ready on 2 3 Mr. Matos's case. Before we do that, I have a motion by a victim 5 for contact. So let me handle that. 6 (Proceedings unrelated to this case were reported 7 and not made a portion of this transcript) 8 THE COURT: All right. So we're back on the 9 record on Adam Matos. Case Number 14-5586. 10 Mr. Matos has come out since I called his case. 11 He's here with his counsels. The State is here. 12 And we are set for all pending motions. 13 Now, one of the motions that we originally 14 had, I think, continued until today was the one 15 about whether the child was competent to testify, 16 and in the meantime we had a motion to allow 17 further depositions. So I assume that deposition has not taken 18 19 place yet? 20 MR. LIVERMORE: No. It is now scheduled for -- what is that? 21 22 MR. LABRUZZO: October 16th. 23 MR. LIVERMORE: On October 16th. It's a 24 Monday. 25 THE COURT: Okay. So I assume any issues

about that would be reserved until after the 1 deposition is retaken; is that correct? 2 3 MR. LIVERMORE: Yes. THE COURT: All right. So there is still the 5 motion to determine competency and to strike or 6 disqualify as a State's witness. 7 We'll table that until after the deposition is 8 taken. Okay? So that remains to be decided. 9 I have filed for today -- I got a motion filed 10 by the Defense on September 25th, the defendant's 11 objection to sequestration, and that one is 12 involving the mom of the defendant, correct? 13 MR. LIVERMORE: Yes. 14 THE COURT: Okay. So we'll hold on to that 15 one. 16 Then I have a motion to preclude capital 17 punishment because the Indictment fails to allege a 18 capital crime. 19 MR. LIVERMORE: Oh, I thought we had already 20 done that one. 21 THE COURT: Did we resolve that one? 22 MR. LIVERMORE: I'm not sure. I thought we 23 had. 24 They filed a new one last week. MR. SARABIA: 25 MR. LIVERMORE: Yeah. That's a different one.

1 THE COURT: Motion to strike notice of intent 2 to seek death. 3 MR. LIVERMORE: Yeah. THE COURT: Okay. So this one is resolved. Then we have I'll call this Number 2 as of today, 5 6 motion to strike notice of intent to seek death. Then I have some motions in limine filed by 8 the State. I didn't know if we wanted to handle 9 those today or whether we want to put those off 10 until trial. 11 Are we ready to go on those, Defense? 12 MR. SARABIA: We are. I think Mr. Vizcarra 13 was specifically present for that. 14 THE COURT: I think we passed it so he could 15 be present. 16 Yes, Judge. MR. VIZCARRA: 17 THE COURT: But then we talked about putting 18 off the motions in limine until trial. So I just 19 want to make sure. I have it as Number 3 for 20 today. So that's good. 21 Then I have Number 4, a motion for jury 22 questionnaire to supplement voir dire and proposed 23 sample questionnaires. 24 MR. LIVERMORE: Yeah. We had talked about 25 that and I think we're all in agreement to do one.

1 I gave a proposed questionnaire to the State. haven't had any response to that yet. 2 3 THE COURT: State, are you still working on that? 5 MR. SARABIA: We are, Judge. There are some 6 questions that we definitely disagree with. 7 are some questions that I think were on the 8 questionnaire that used to go out that are pretty 9 standard that we are in agreement with. 10 And the ones that we are in disagreement with, 11 we may be able to agree with the Defense about 12 something a little less objectionable to us. But 13 we have been reviewing them. Mr. LaBruzzo is 14 reviewing that. 15 THE COURT: So do you want to table that for 16 another day? 17 MR. SARABIA: Yes, Judge. 18 THE COURT: I mean, we all agree we're having 19 a questionnaire. 20 MR. LIVERMORE: Right. 21 MR. SARABIA: Right. 22 THE COURT: So there's no question that we 23 will have -- I have granted that we will have a 24 jury questionnaire to supplement voir dire and we 25 will work on the questions at another time than

today. So we don't really need to discuss that 1 2 today. 3 So I have right now --MR. LABRUZZO: And maybe if Mr. Livermore is 5 available after this hearing today, we can go back 6 to his office and just kind of hammer it out. 7 MR. LIVERMORE: Sure. 8 THE COURT: All right. So that leaves me 9 three motions today. Is that what everybody else 10 agrees to? 11 MR. LIVERMORE: Yes. 12 MR. SARABIA: Yes, Judge. 13 THE COURT: Is there any others that I didn't 14 bring up already that we need to go over? 15 MR. LIVERMORE: (Indicating negatively.) 16 I would note, Judge, there have MR. SARABIA: 17 been some discussion last time about potentially 18 graphic photos and trying to have discussions about 19 that. 20 We did just today, within the past 20 minutes, 21 get Mr. Michailos a group of those photos and we're 22 going to be reviewing those, but we may want to 23 come back and argue about that in the future. 24 all fairness to the Defense, I don't think they'd

be prepared to do that today. I don't even think

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we got them all the photos that we were considering.

MR. LABRUZZO: And what we provided to them today, Your Honor, was photographs that we identified primarily with the Medical Examiner.

These are the photographs that he pointed out to us as ones that he would like having in his testimony.

THE COURT: Okay. Again, that's really a matter in which we're talking about limine or evidence and those kinds of things. So we don't have to handle that one today.

I assume you're going to give them a list of the photographers in discovery you want to use and that gives them an opportunity to review them and see if they have any pretrial objections to those, correct?

MR. SARABIA: Correct.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. SARABIA: And while I'm thinking about it, the previous motion in limine regarding the mention on the 911 call the defendant being a Puerto Rican, I did provide Mr. Michailos with an updated redaction removing that. I don't know if he's had a chance to review it and agree that it complies to the order, but we've done that.

I also provided Mr. Michailos today with a copy of the video interview Mr. Matos did with law enforcement with redactions or proposed redactions of things that we feel pretty confident that they would object to, and proposed redactions from the interview that Mr. Matos did with the media, so that they have those. If we admit either one of those, they would be the copies we would be seeking to admit.

THE COURT: Okay. So you've provided them as additional tangible discovery?

MR. SARABIA: Yes, Judge. And we'll follow it up with paperwork.

THE COURT: They've gotten the originals earlier?

MR. SARABIA: Yes.

THE COURT: These would be what you propose to introduce in front of the jury that have been redacted?

MR. SARABIA: Correct.

THE COURT: Okay. And so if there's any objection to those, then they can raise those when we talk about the photographs and all that. So have you had an opportunity to review the redacted tape-recording?

MR. MICHAILOS: No, Judge. We just got them 1 2 in court today. 3 THE COURT: Okay. MR. MICHAILOS: But we did receive them all. 5 THE COURT: Okay. Great. So you have them? 6 MR. MICHAILOS: Yes. 7 THE COURT: All right. Great. Okay. other than that, I have the three motions. 8 9 there anything else that's filed that we haven't 10 gone over? No? 11 MR. LIVERMORE: I don't think so. 12 THE COURT: Okay. So why don't we do them in 13 The defendant's objection to this order. 14 sequestration of the mother Rose Matos. That is a 15 Defense motion. 16 MR. LIVERMORE: Correct. 17 THE COURT: I have reviewed it. State, have 18 you received a copy of it? 19 MR. SARABIA: Yes, Judge. 20 THE COURT: All right. And what's your 21 position on that? 22 MR. SARABIA: Well, Judge, I had some 23 conversations with Mr. Michailos. It depends what 24 their position is on some of our family members 25 being sequestered. We do have some family members that we anticipate testifying.

And we're not sure if we are going to want to fight fight of trying to have them present during the trial, but their testimony is such that I don't know that the Defense would have an objection to them being present during the trial, particularly after they testify, because in the event that they would have to testify again would be very unlikely. So I'd be interested to know what they say to that before we respond to their objection.

THE COURT: Which witnesses are you talking about?

MR. SARABIA: James Thomas, Linda Thomas,
Daniel Leonard, Paula Rystrom, and Gregory Aaron
Brown.

And I know the Defense is discussing it,

Judge. I would note that James Thomas in

particular, they are aware of his testimony because
he did do a deposition to perpetuate, so his
testimony would expected to be more or less
identical to that.

And Linda Thomas also testified in the motion hearing. Her testimony would be a little bit more than occurred there, but it is similar. So they have a general idea what some of these witnesses

are going to be testifying to.

Daniel Leonard and Paula Rystrom are the parents of Nicholas Leonard.

MR. MICHAILOS: Judge, with regard to our request -- Rose Matos is obviously Mr. Matos's mother. The State listed her as a witness. I didn't depose her. I guess there's always the possibility that the State might call her as a witness, but I don't see that being at all feasible.

With regard to the other witnesses, my understanding is they're going to called maybe for minor things, but they're all going to be witnesses. So at this point in time we're not in a position to agree to that.

THE COURT: Give me a moment. Well, I'm looking at a case Beasley v. State, 774 So.2d, 649. It's a first-degree murder case, a death penalty case, where the Supreme Court said that it was not improper for the Court to allow the victim's family members — whether the rule of sequestration would apply to the victims's next of kin, even if they were witnesses. And the Court said that as long as the witness's testimony have been memorialized in prior depositions, police reports and, et cetera,

that under the circumstances the trial Court did not error in denying defense's motion's request to apply the rule of sequestration to the victim's next of kin.

So based on that, I assume these witnesses that you've just listed, their depositions have all been taken?

MR. SARABIA: Yes, Judge.

THE COURT: Okay. And we have copies of those depositions.

So for that matter, any witness who is on the witness list who is a next of kin of the victims, because there's multiple victims, or the defendant will be allowed to be present in the courtroom while the trial is going on.

Now, just because they can doesn't mean you should until after they testify. But I'm saying that as long as their depositions have been taken, they have a right to be here as next of kin under the rule.

There's two separate constitutional rights going on here: One, is the victim is the next of kin; and, one, is the defendant's rights. And it appears that the Supreme Court has reviewed this on numerous occasions and have said as long as these

witnesses's testimony has been memorialized in depositions and police reports, they can be impeached. So if they change their testimony, you know, it can be brought to the jury's attention very easily.

But it appears to me that none of these witnesses's, at least from what you said, testimony is key. It more seems on the boundary of the testimony that's going to come out. But, again, as long as they are next of kin of one of the victims or the defendant, I will allow them to be present throughout the trial.

Now, again, just because I said they can doesn't mean — you may want to keep them out of the courtroom until after they testify and then say, for the record, they have not been present throughout the trial but I'm now asking them to be able to be present. Sure. Or if you want them just here for jury selection or just for opening statements and then remove them. Whatever the situation is.

I would ask, however, if both sides do have those people in the courtroom, we make a record of that. If they are kept out of the courtroom, we make a record of that. It would just be easier for

appellate purposes.

So at this point the Defense's motion is granted. His mom can be present, although she is on the witness list. However, additionally, I will allow the next of kin, even if they're on the witness list, for any of the victims to be present throughout the trial. So that's my ruling. Okay?

MR. LABRUZZO: Your Honor, could you repeat that cite?

THE COURT: Sure. It's Beasley,

B-e-a-s-l-e-y, v. State. 774 So.2d, 649. It was

the first case I came to. I've Shepardized it. It

appears to be consistent with other cases of the

same kind.

So, again, you know, in Florida victims have a constitutional right, and so I have to balance that right. If the Defense wants to bring a motion giving me specifics of why a specific one of those numerous people who are the victim's family need to be kept out, I can reconsider.

I haven't heard anything saying, oh, well, you definitely can't let this person testify because, you know, whatever. It sounds like the testimony of the victims's families, whether it's the defendant's family or whether it's the next of kin,

1 is all peripheral to the facts of this case. MR. MICHAILOS: And obviously, Judge, if 2 3 something occurs at trial that would make it very important that those witnesses not hear something, 5 we can bring it up in the middle of trial? 6 THE COURT: Absolutely. I assume some of 7 these witnesses are merely here to identify the 8 body, unless you all can come up with stipulations. 9 MR. MICHAILOS: Well, we stipulated to that. 10 MR. SARABIA: Yes. We already stipulated. 11 THE COURT: You're already going to stipulate 12 to that? Okay. 13 MR. SARABIA: Yeah. There's already a stip 14 entered. I believe it's filed in the court file. 15 THE COURT: All right. So that takes care of 16 that. 17 The next one is the motion to strike notice of 18 intent to seek death filed by the Defense on 19 October 4th. It was filed yesterday. 20 MR. SARABIA: I'm sorry, Judge? 21 THE COURT: The motion to strike notice of 22 intent to seek death filed by the Defense 23 yesterday. Have you received a copy of that, 24 State? 25 MR. SARABIA: We have seen it, Judge.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. SARABIA: I don't know that we received a copy of it, but we saw it on the website before it went down.

THE COURT: Okay. And what's your position about this?

MR. SARABIA: We are obviously objecting. I believe they actually ran the same motion a couple of years ago on the previous notice. I could be mistaken. But if it's the motion that I recall reading, it's they're saying we did not specify which aggravators to which counts.

THE COURT: Correct.

MR. SARABIA: And our position is we don't need to. We are actually seeking all the aggravators for all of the counts. So I don't think that that's really a big issue. But, yeah, our position is that we don't need to.

THE COURT: Okay. Defense, and your position is?

MR. LIVERMORE: They do.

THE COURT: Okay. That will be denied. They are seeking both aggravators on all counts. So when they list all four counts and the two aggravators in the middle, that seems to meet the

definition of this new statute that we all have, which says you got to give them notice.

Notice is I have four counts and here are the two aggravators we intend to seek. And so I don't know how much more clearer they had to be. If they were going to seek some different ones for different counts, I would see your point.

But in this particular case it sounds like they're seeking the two for all four victims. So their notice meets the statutory requirements and the motion the strike will be denied.

So the next thing we have is the motion in limine that was filed by the Defense. And it was filed on August -- it says filed by the State, sorry, on August 31st.

Mr. Sarabia, I think you signed this one. And we can do them one by one, if you want. Do you want to go one by one?

MR. SARABIA: That's fine.

THE COURT: Okay. The first one alleges that the State is asking that I limine the testimony and evidence, Number 1 being any and all testimony or evidence concerning the unsolved criminal mischief complaints on 4/30, 2014.

MR. MICHAILOS: Judge, we don't have to go one

by one. We're not objecting to any of these. 1 2 THE COURT: Okay. 3 MR. MICHAILOS: We can go right to Number 8, to make it easier. 5 THE COURT: Okay. Well, just for the record, 6 Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 you're agreeing to? 7 MR. MICHAILOS: Yes. 8 THE COURT: So the State can do an order that 9 says that those are granted, correct? MR. MICHAILOS: Yes. 10 11 THE COURT: Okay. Now, again, as we all 12 indicated earlier, I don't know if everybody is 13 here, but this is a motion in limine. So if you 14 guys get to a point during trial where you think, 15 you know, I agreed to that but I don't agree to it 16 anymore, all you have to do is come to the bench 17 and say, Judge, we had this motion to limine that 18 you granted and here it is, but this is why I don't 19 think it applies anymore and this is why I want to 20 get it in. 21 We don't run through doors. We knock. 22 So we'll be knocking on any doors that we think are 23 open before we run through them. Everybody clear 24 about that?

MR. SARABIA: Yes, Judge.

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MR. MICHAILOS: Yes, Judge.

THE COURT: All right. So 1 through 7 are granted.

And then we're up to 8. So 8 is, "Any and all testimony or evidence concerning Internal Affairs investigations regarding former Detective Shawn Kennedy, former Deputy Fredrick Heidgerken, H-e-i-d-g-e-r-k-e-n, and Nancy Sulinski, S-u-l-i-n-s-k-i. Such evidence or testimony concerning collateral matters that are not relevant to any material issue at trial."

State?

MR. SARABIA: And, Judge, that's our position. There were no IA complaints or investigations that were founded that I'm aware of that arose out of this incident for any of these three former law enforcement officers or forensic technician.

Much later, I believe, I think we sent a letter about Detective Kennedy, former Detective Kennedy. I don't recall the circumstances of Deputy Heidgerkin, but I know that it was brought up and the Defense is aware that he did resign, and I think there was a pending IA investigation at that time. I don't believe it was ever resolved.

And Ms. Sulinski recently left the Sheriff's

Office, and I don't think we have the details of that yet.

MR. LABRUZZO: There are no details.

MR. SARABIA: I don't know if there was an IA investigation or if there was one and she left before it was completed, but my understanding is that there was nothing that had to do with any of the handling of this case.

THE COURT: All right. Defense?

MR. VIZCARRA: Judge, The only one that I'm aware of at this point in time, maybe if we can get provided the Nancy Sulinski Internal Affairs, maybe we can make a request for that. But the only thing that I am aware is Mr. Fredrick Heidgerkin, he testified at the Williams Rule/911 Excited
Utterance hearing where the State had objected to our line of questioning: Why did you get fired?
Did you resign because of that?

And we had raised the grounds that it goes to his credibility, and Judge Siracusa at that time said it was overruled, that we have wide latitude to ask those questions. And so my recollection, I haven't got the transcript in front of me, I apologize, but something about conduct unbecoming and then something about lying about the

whereabouts is what I remember, something like that.

So I think it goes to credibility. And I think that that is something, if we choose, that we should be able to ask him about, and it would go to his credibility as a witness in this case.

His role in this investigation, Judge, is the fact that the Williams Rule, he investigated that, which was the allegation that our client used a knife right before these murders are pretty important testimony.

THE COURT: So you believe that you should be able to ask any one of these three officers why they were dismissed, quit, fired — since I don't know what happened with any of them. It's not really laid out in this motion — collaterally to this incident?

So my question is you say that he testified about officer unbecoming, whatever he said -- I don't have the transcript -- with that in regards to this offense? Did he get removed, IA, fired, whatever because of something he did here in this case?

MR. VIZCARRA: If he lied as an officer.

THE COURT: So you're not answering my

1 question. 2 MR. VIZCARRA: Yes. 3 THE COURT: Did he get fired because of what he did in this case? 5 MR. VIZCARRA: No, he did not. 6 THE COURT: This case? MR. VIZCARRA: He did not, Judge. 7 THE COURT: Okay. So first and foremost, just 8 9 so the record is clear, whatever these officers did 10 or didn't do and why they were moved or left or 11 whatever, did not come out of anything that 12 occurred in this case? Whether prior to the 13 murders about the Williams Rule, it didn't have 14 anything to do with this case before, during or 15 after, correct? 16 MR. VIZCARRA: Correct. 17 THE COURT: All right. So the second issue is 18 you're saying that if an officer lied, specifically 19 lied, then you can bring that before the jury? Do 20 you have case law? 21 MR. VIZCARRA: Lied and was reprimanded, 22 fired, or otherwise disciplined for lying in his 23 capacity as a law enforcement officer, yes. 24 THE COURT: Okay. Do you have case law? 25 MR. VIZCARRA: I do not.

1 THE COURT: You have no case law? 2 MR. VIZCARRA: I don't know about the other 3 two, of course. MR. SARABIA: And, Judge, if I can put on the record, I'm clarifying with Mr. LaBruzzo to make 5 6 sure my memory is correct, but Detective Kennedy 7 resigned pending an AI investigation. So there was 8 never a formal finding. 9 Deputy Heidgerkin also resigned pending an IA 10 investigation. And I think the IA allegations they 11 were eluding to were the pending IAs. They were 12 never actually followed to completion either. 13 Ms. Sulinski had an IA investigation unrelated 14 to any of her duties at the Sheriff's Office that 15 was unfounded and resigned shortly thereafter. 16 I think that will clarify the --17 MR. LABRUZZO: Yes. She resigned. 18 State, do you have any case law? THE COURT: 19 MR. SARABIA: I'm sorry, Judge? 20 THE COURT: Do you have any case law? 21 MR. SARABIA: Well, Judge, we were relying on 22 the Rules of Evidence that no specific bad acts 23 would be admissible to prove propensity or 24 character inconformity. I think that line of cases 25 is pretty clear.

There are some exceptions to that with law enforcement officers, but none of these fall within those. So I think we fall squarely within the evidence rule that it's improper character testimony.

Now, if it was reputation testimony, that would be different, but that's not what we're dealing with here. I mean, I see *State v. Bullard*, B-u-l-l-a-r-d, a Second DCA case, 858 So.2d, 1189.

THE COURT: You do know you're talking about as fast as anybody can barely write. So it is 858 So.2d 1189? Is that what you're saying?

MR. SARABIA: Yes. Correct. And that's actually regarding whether it was a *Brady* violation by not disclosing that there were IA investigations, and it was determined it was not. It's not even that it would have been inadmissible, but it didn't even rise to the level of *Brady*.

And I believe the exceptions would be it goes to a specific case, which none of them deal with; or use of excessive force, which I think we all agree was not an issue here and is not any of these IA complaints.

THE COURT: All right. I just read Detective
Kennedy's deposition and he was questioned about it

by Mr. Michailos. And in the deposition he
indicates that he retired with no knowledge of an

IA investigation that was going on, which he found
out after the fact, and he indicates that it was
unfounded, all the cases were unfounded and there
was nothing, the IA was closed. That's what he
tells Mr. Michailos.

Do you all have any other facts other than what's in the deposition? Does the Defense have anything else that's not contained in the deposition about Detective Kennedy? Because I think it's important that this is done one witness by itself, because it could be a different decision as to each witness depending on why it is that they left the agency and what was alleged.

MR. MICHAILOS: Judge, to be frank, we didn't order the IA file for Detective Kennedy. So perhaps we can put off ruling on that until we do that.

We did do it on Heidgerkin, and I have that in my office. But because we were busy on this case,
I don't think -- I think the intent was to order
Kennedy's, but we never did.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. MICHAILOS: So we don't have anything --

THE COURT: Okay. Well, for right now I'll grant the motion in limine as to Detective Kennedy leaving the agency and whether there was or wasn't a pending IA investigation. If you find more information out, you can always ask me to reconsider.

So as to Detective Kennedy, it appears that it was unrelated to this matter. It does not allege that he falsified any information or that he perjured himself or anything that would normally be impeachable.

It says that there's some -- I don't know, something was going on about a bank scam and they didn't like the way he did the investigation. I don't know if the victims complained because it got no info-ed and they didn't think he did his job. I don't know.

I don't know what the facts are, but it doesn't alleged that he did anything untoward, hid evidence, perjured himself, committed a criminal offense, anything that would normally — this is isn't a use of force issue. So I mean those have been ruled to be admissible even if they were unfounded.

But in this particular case there was some

sort of IA investigation, and he says it's not even directly related to him. It was directly related to another individual and then he got pulled in.

I don't know anything about this, but right now there's no indication of any facts that would allow the Defense to go into this IA investigation involving Detective Kennedy that was never officially completed. No findings were made, no indication that he perjured himself or changed any documents that the jury could look at to determine his credibility.

MR. MICHAILOS: And, Judge --

THE COURT: Yes. Go ahead.

MR. MICHAILOS: And, like, I can't put anything specifically on the record because, like I said, I haven't looked at the IA file. But my understanding was there was allegations of some dishonesty and fraud of some sort. But at this point in time I'm not making any formal announcements until I review that file.

THE COURT: Okay. So as to Detective Kennedy, right now I will grant that.

I mean, this particular motion has been filed since, you know, August. So I assumed that you all would be ready with any case law or any indication

of what it is that you intended to impeach the witness with that they're asking me not to allow you to do it. So at this point I'm going to grant it to that one.

MR. SARABIA: Yes, Judge, both former Deputy
Heidgerkin and Nancy Sulinski's deposition were
taken before any of this. So if you're reading the
depositions --

THE COURT: Oh, so it's not going to be in there because they didn't ask them about it.

MR. SARABIA: It would not be in there.

THE COURT: It's in the motion.

MR. SARABIA: And I don't believe that's been transcribed.

THE COURT: Okay. So there was a hearing on a motion, the one that Judge, Siracusa actually did the order on, on whether the 911 tape was admissible, and during that testimony there was some questions asked about why Heidgerkin had left the agency.

Do you recall what he said specifically?

MR. SARABIA: I don't recall exactly what he said, but I believe it was he indicated he had resigned and that there were pending IA investigations when he did so. I do remember the

1 conduct unbecoming an officer. And, I'm sorry, what was the other one? 2 3 MR. VIZCARRA: I thought that he had --MR. SARABIA: I believe what Defense counsel 5 represented was accurate, I believe. 6 MR. VIZCARRA: Something about his 7 I wish I had my notes here. whereabouts. And Mr. Lawhorne reminded me as 8 MR. SARABIA: 9 I think it had to do with him saying he was 10 on duty or working at times when he was not. 11 But, again, my understanding, unless Defense 12 counsel knows something I don't know, is that those 13 were never followed up on or taken to completion, 14 that they were just allegations and investigations 15 were not completed on those. 16 At this time I'm going to grant 17 the motion in limine in reference to all three of 18 the witnesses. 19 If the Defense can provide to the Court 20 specific impeachment areas that they intend to 21 raise with a witness, I could reconsider. But the 22 fact that they had an IA investigation at this 23 point is inadmissible. The fact that they left the 24 agency is inadmissible. But if there's specific

questions that you feel go to specific impeachment,

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I would reconsider.

But right now I'll grant the motion and limit the questioning of these witnesses about any general questions involving why they no longer work at the agency or if there was at one point some, quote, "IA investigation".

Because at this point it would just be bad character evidence. It would be the same thing as asking any other witness, you know, did you get fired from your job? That has nothing to do with what they witnessed. It's just trying to paint them in a bad light, which is inadmissible no matter who it is, whether it's a defense or a State witness.

So at this point, since the reasons for their removal or their leaving the agency has no direct relationship to this case or any Williams Rule that's being allowed in this case, at this point it would be inadmissible bad character evidence.

However, again, Mr. Michailos, you asked for time to look at the IA. If you can find something specific that you're wanting to ask these witnesses that you think shows impeachment, then I'll reconsider. If there's a specific reason, you know, I would reconsider. But this general, hey, they left the agency under maybe an IA investigation was pending or they were thinking of filing an IA, that's not admissible. I mean, that's just bad character evidence. So clearly that's inadmissible. I think all the case law says so. We're not talking about use of force and those types of things. We're just trying to, you know, paint somebody in a bad light who no longer works at the agency.

So I'll grant that for now with the understanding that it can be reraised again to reopen the door, if you can give me specific questions and reasons for those questions. Okay? And that would directly relate to an IA investigation, I assume, or some testimony involved in the IA investigation.

All right. So 1 through 7 is granted -- 1 through 8 is granted. I'm sorry.

And, State, you can do an order saying I grant 1 through 8.

MR. MICHAILOS: Judge, if I could just clarify something with regard to Paragraph 4. As I was sitting here I read something, so I just want to put something on the record.

I'm not objecting to the fact that the State

is requesting all testimony regarding statements made by Nicholas Leonard to Ralph Dunlavey. I'm not objecting to that, because my understanding from preparing this case for trial is that there were no such statements made by Nicholas Leonard to Ralph Dunlavey on August 28 of 2014.

So I just want to put on the record I'm not stipulating or conceding as to if such statements existed, whether or not they'd be hearsay or not hearsay. I don't think none were made. After some investigation, it was determined that the statements were made to the son of Ralph, Robert, and anything Ralph would have heard would have been double hearsay from his son Robert. So I just want to clarify that for the record, if I could.

THE COURT: Okay. State, do agree with that?

MR. SARABIA: I am in agreement with that.

THE COURT: Okay. So the motion in limine is very clear on that one. All testimony or evidence concerning the contents of statements made by Nicholas Leonard to Ralph Dunlavey on or about 8/28.

Now, the other person, they're not moving for that. This is this person to that person, and right now I'm granting that. Okay?

Anything else?

MR. MICHAILOS: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. So if both sides will send one of their members of their team up to my bench, I have for both sides copies of the jury pool.

This is everyone that notice has been sent for the 30th, and this is for the 31st. State has a copy, Defense has a copy, and I have a copy. So for the record, I have provided to both sides a copy of the people who have been summoned for jury service on October 30th and October 31st.

Now, these are the arrangements that I have made for the jurors: Number one, that when these people arrive, the people on the 30th specifically arrive, as soon as all the people are in, before the video is played, before any dignitaries speak to the jurors summoned, they will give me 100 jurors and be brought up to my courtroom by 8:30.

No questioning. No videos. No, hey, I'm judge so and so. Nobody is to talk to them.

They'll be told two things: Number one is if you have a sheet that you filled out and brought with you, a questionnaire, bring it with you to court; and, Number two, you need to turn off all your cell phones. And they'll be brought up to this

courtroom and that's where I will meet them.

So all preliminary statements made to them, told to them, anything is going to be done on the record in front of all of you with me present.

Once we dismiss jurors from this courtroom, they will be dismissed for the day. They will be told that they are to go home, they are not to speak to any of other jurors, they're not to go back downstairs. We've made arrangements for whatever they need to do. They will not go back to the jury pool room. Okay?

If we need additional jurors, again, we will bring them up and I will start from scratch. Now, the second group, if we bring them up, will have seen the video and all that kind of stuff, but they won't have any interaction or any time with the jurors that were brought up. So they're going to be from scratch.

On day two, those are our jurors and our jurors only. So they will have no interaction with jurors from other jury pools, because they're only coming on Tuesday, if we need them, and they're only from this case.

So does anybody have any objection to that procedure at this time?

MR. SARABIA: No, Judge.

THE COURT: Defense?

MR. LIVERMORE: No, ma'am.

THE COURT: Okay. And the reason I did that was if we did need to pull more people on day one, I didn't want the people that we've excused to somehow poison the people downstairs. So they won't go back downstairs and say, oh, there's this huge murder case going on upstairs, it's horrible, terrible, awful, or, you know, they are saying this or they are saying that.

The people who we excuse will be sent home and that way if we have to pull another group, we don't have to worry about them having talked to anybody that was released from our panels.

You have the list who the 100 is going to be in. Who's going to show up, good luck with that. You know, I think it's 500 names. I think we've summoned 500 people for day one and 300 people for day two. It is random.

I have asked that if any one of this group asks to be excused, that those excuses come to me, if they're not automatically excused under the rules. There is certain rules that indicate that you can get automatic that you're excused from jury

service for, you know, specific statutory reasons.

The clerk can do that themselves if they meet the statutory rules.

But any, hey, I've got work and I'm going to lose all my money or I'm out of town -- lately, I've had a lot of people who have a mailing address here, live here, you know, but don't actually live here.

Whether it's military, because if you're in the military, you can list any address as your address; or they just happen to list they're in school or they're working out of town for six or eight months at a time. I had a couple of people that are actually overseas.

But I will specifically copy why they're asking to be excused and my answer and I will provide that to you as we go along so you can take those people off your list. The less people you have to look up, easier for you to do.

But I've had a couple lately, and I assume
I'll get a couple more people who are permanently
disabled. And they can be excused because they
can't sit for long periods of time or they're
bedridden or, you know, they have some medical
reasons. And those are only given if I have a

doctor's note, which I will provide to you. Okay?

Any other questions about that? I just want to

make sure.

Now, once we bring them up here we will get questionnaires, the original questionnaires, and we will give them their new questionnaires. Okay?

The reason I didn't want that done downstairs is I didn't want the people downstairs to know what's going on. They've never been here before so they don't know how we normally do things anyway. So it's not going to be any big deal to them.

All right. Other than these three matters, is there anything else we need to do other than maybe set another pretrial date before the trial? State?

MR. SARABIA: No, Judge.

THE COURT: Defense?

MR. LIVERMORE: No, ma'am.

THE COURT: All right. Let's see what we've got going here. You are doing that deposition on October 16th.

MR. LIVERMORE: Correct. And Thursday and Friday of that week is "Life Over Death".

THE COURT: Right. I could have you all come back on the afternoon of the 25th or the 27th to finish up the questionnaires so that the jury pool

1 person -- well, so that we can make copies and be 2 ready to go. 3 What do you think? The 23rd is pretty busy. State, what does it look like? 5 MR. SARABIA: I would prefer the 27th. 6 THE COURT: Okay. Defense, the 27th, it would 7 be at 1:30? 8 MR. MICHAILOS: That's good with me, Your 9 Honor. 10 MR. LIVERMORE: In the afternoon is fine. 11 THE COURT: Yes. Yes. All right. So we will 12 go ahead and set one last pretrial for 13 October 27th at 1:00 PM. I'm going to do it at 14 1:00, and the trial will remain set. 15 I assume everybody has had an opportunity to 16 speak to their witnesses, their experts, all that 17 kind of stuff, and all of them are ready to go at 18 least during some point during the trial? Yes? 19 MR. SARABIA: We are looking good, Judge. 20 would also note -- I guess we haven't really 21 addressed it yet -- but we have received no other 22 witnesses from the Defense. It's my understanding 23 from them that they are not planning to list a 24 psychiatrist. So that is what we are operating

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under.

THE COURT: At this point, Defense, any extra 1 2 witnesses we need to know about? 3 MR. LIVERMORE: No. THE COURT: Okay. So that's a, no. This 4 5 witness that you were going to have talk to your 6 client, that person has been able to talk to your 7 client? Yes? 8 MR. LIVERMORE: That person will not be a 9 witness. 10 THE COURT: Okay. I just want to make sure 11 they talked to your client. Whether they're a 12 witness or not, that's up to you all. 13 MR. LIVERMORE: They did. 14 THE COURT: But I just want to make sure that 15 that person was able to get here and speak to your 16 client because that seemed to be a concern. 17 Okay. Great. So we'll see you on 18 October 27th, and we're good to go for trial. 19 (HEARING CONCLUDED.) 20 21 22 23 24 25

1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	
3	STATE OF FLORIDA)
4	COUNTY OF PASCO)
5	
6	
7	I, MARIA FORTNER, Registered Professional
8	Reporter for the Sixth Judicial Circuit, do certify that
9	I was authorized to and did stenographically report the
10	foregoing proceedings and that the transcript is a true
11	record.
12	DATED this 7th day of August, 2018.
13	
14	/S MARIA A. FORTNER MARIA A. FORTNER
15	Registered Professional Reporter
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